IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1. (Original) A cam lobe material, characterized in that the cam lobe material is formed from an iron-based sintered alloy that contains 0.3 to 5.0 mass% Ni, 0.5 to 1.2 mass% C, 0.02 to 0.3 mass% of at least either of B and P, and incidental impurities as the balance, and has a hardness of a peripheral surface of not less than HRC 50 and a density of not less than 7.5 g/cm³.
- 2. (Original) The cam lobe material according to claim 1, characterized in that the iron-based sintered alloy further contains not more than 2.5 mass% Mo.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The cam lobe material according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the cam lobe material uses a roller follower as a mating member.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A cam shaft, characterized in that the cam shaft is provided with a cam lobe formed from the cam lobe material according to <u>claim 1</u> any one of claims 1 to 3.
- 5. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing the cam lobe material according to claim 1 elaims 1 to 3, characterized in that a compression molding step and a sintering step are repeated at least twice, the compression molding step involving compression molding iron-based alloy powders prepared so as to provide the composition of the ferrous sintered alloy in a prescribed cam lobe shape, and the sintering step involving sintering the compression molded compact body, and that the sintered body is subjected to quench and tempering treatment.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of manufacturing the cam lobe material according to elaims claim 5, characterized in that the peripheral surface of the cam lobe material is shot blasted.